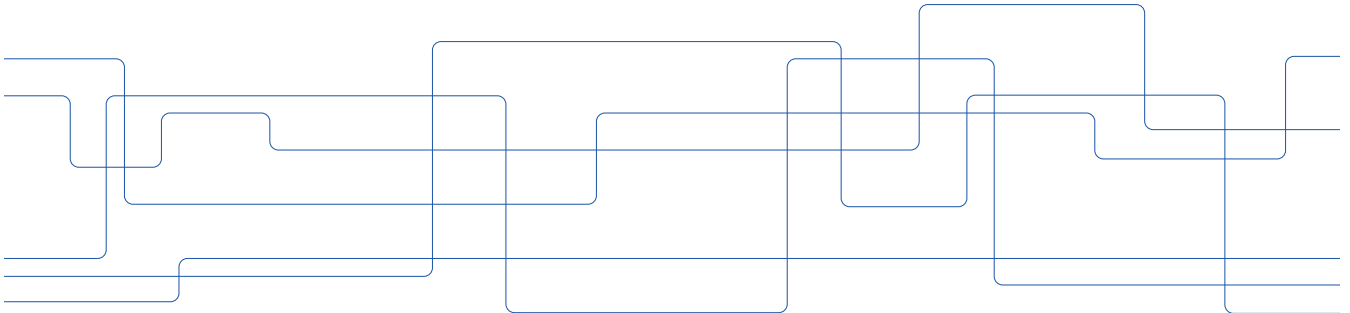




Threat Move in Focus

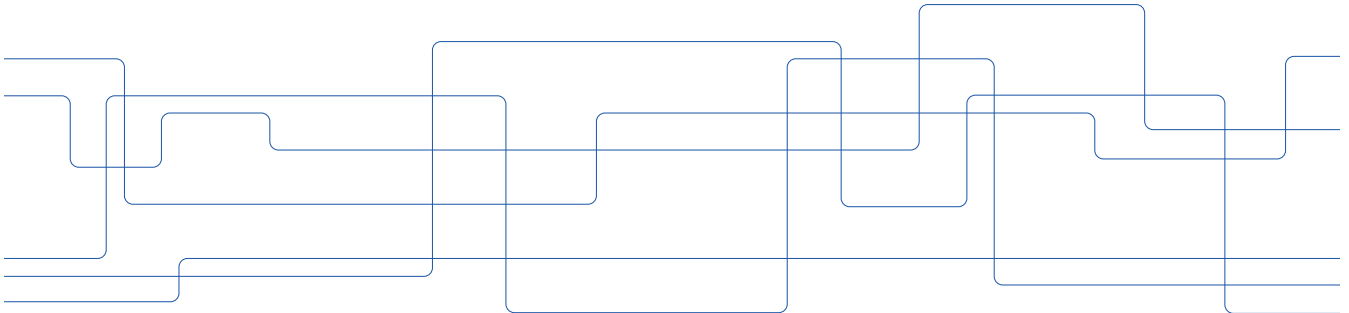
Results and impact

Robert Lagerström, KTH Royal Institute of Technology



Threat Modeling & Attack Simulations of Vehicle IT (THREAT MOVE)

KTH, Foreseeti, F-Secure, Scania, & Volvo Cars



Vehicle IT is a complex thing...

Hardware



Corner modules,
advanced
sensors, etc

Drivetrain



Electric motors,
power electronics,
advanced batteries

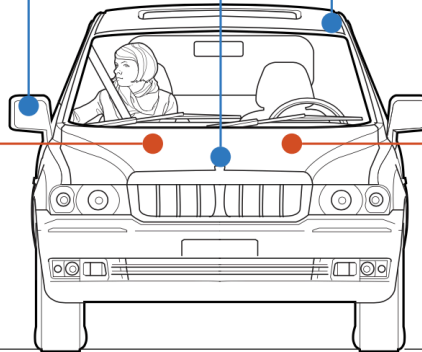
Industrial design



Modular bodies,
advanced user
interfaces

Entertainment platform

Features and
connectivity
mirroring the
home-entertainment
experience



Autonomous drive/ operating system

Advanced central
operating system
with self-driving
capability



Apps and services



Full library of
applications
from 3rd parties

Alternative business models



Autonomous
vehicle sharing,
new service
offerings, etc

Data analytics



Fully connected
cloud processing
and data feeds for
manufacturers

...making vehicles vulnerable to cyber attacks

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Motor

Uppkoppling för äldre bil öppen för hackning

PUBLICERAD 2019-06-01



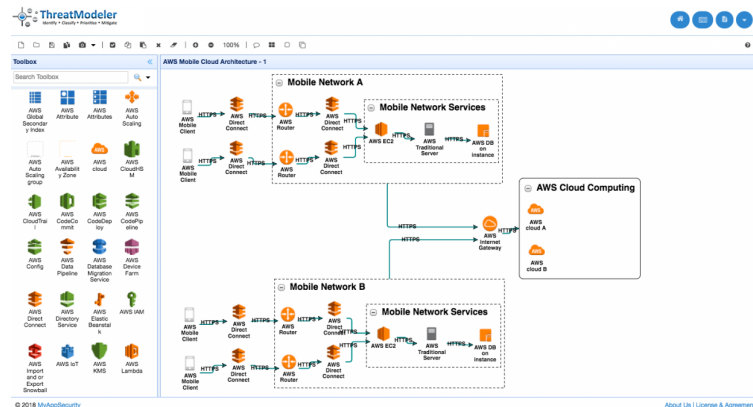
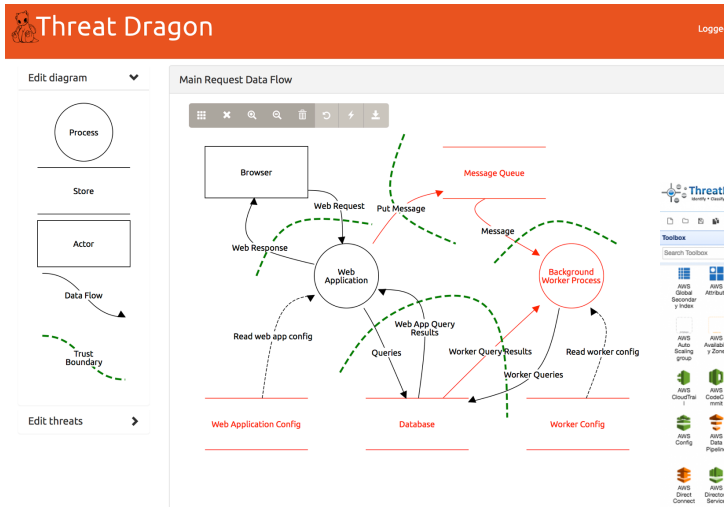
Enter -> threat modeling

Secure app design

With for instance Microsoft Threat Modeling tool or OWASP Threat Dragon

System security analysis

With for instance Foreseeti securiCAD or ThreatModeler (ThreatModeler Software Inc.)



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com

ScienceDirect

Journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/coseComputers
&
Security

Threat modeling – A systematic literature review



Wenjun Xiong, Robert Lagerström*

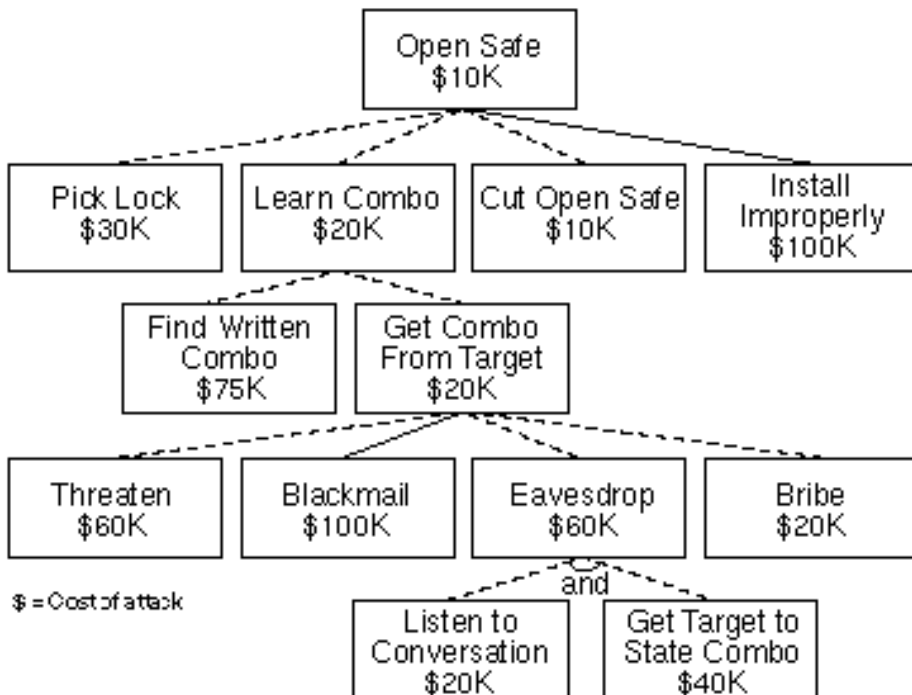
Division of Network and Systems Engineering, School of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, Institute of Technology, Malvinas väg 6, SE-100 44 Stockholm, Sweden

Most approaches
=
manual modeling &
manual analysis
=
time consuming &
error prone

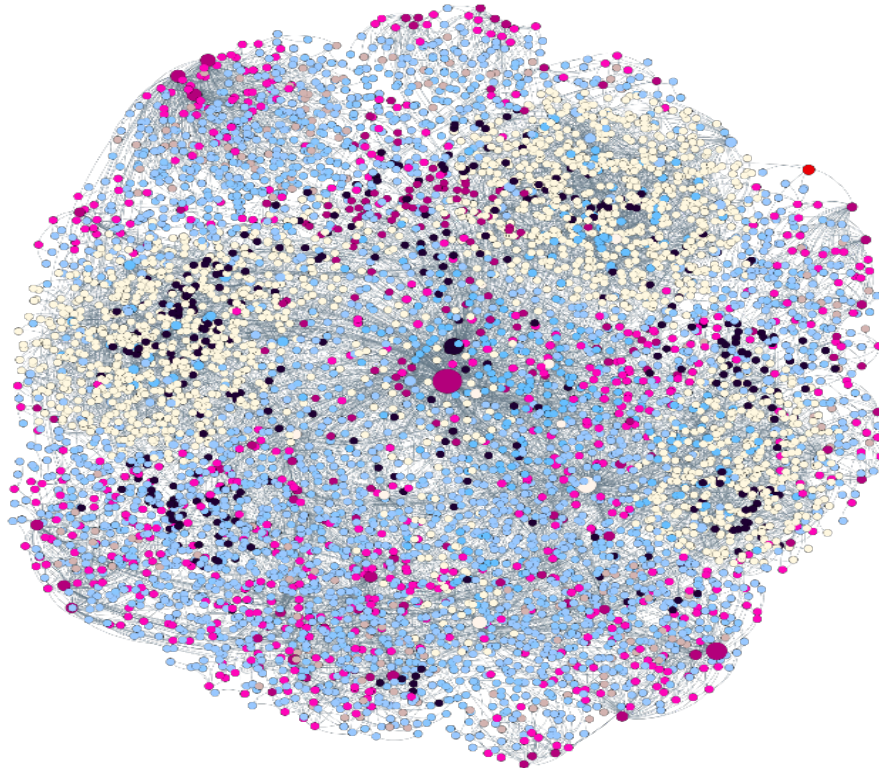
Table 4 – Type of threat modeling methods (C1).

Ref.	Manual	Automatic
Xu and Nygard (2006)	•	
Xu et al. (2012)	•	•
Jiang et al. (2014)	•	
Yan et al. (2014)	•	
Pei et al. (2004)	•	
Liu et al. (2015)	•	
Hofmann and Kasseckert (2011)	•	
Cardenas et al. (2009)	•	
Arsac et al. (2011)	•	•
Martina et al. (2015)	•	
Idziorek and Tannian (2012)	•	
Paladi et al. (2016)	•	
Meszaros and Buchalceva (2017)	•	
Wu and Wei (2017)	•	
Bauer (2013)	•	
Seifert and Reza (2016)	•	
Lavrova and Pechenkin (2015)	•	
Baquero et al. (2015)		•
James and Prabhakaran (2015)	•	
Dahbul et al. (2017)	•	
Chen et al. (2012)	•	
Musman and Turner (2018)		•
Kalinin and Konoplev (2014)	•	
Pendergrass et al. (2014)	•	
Al-Fedaghi and Alkandari (2011)	•	
Olawumi et al. (2017)	•	
Almulhem (2012)	•	
Bedi et al. (2013)	•	

Enter -> attack (tree/graph) simulations



Real life attack graphs, since IT is so complex



Enter -> automatic modeling



Generate Model

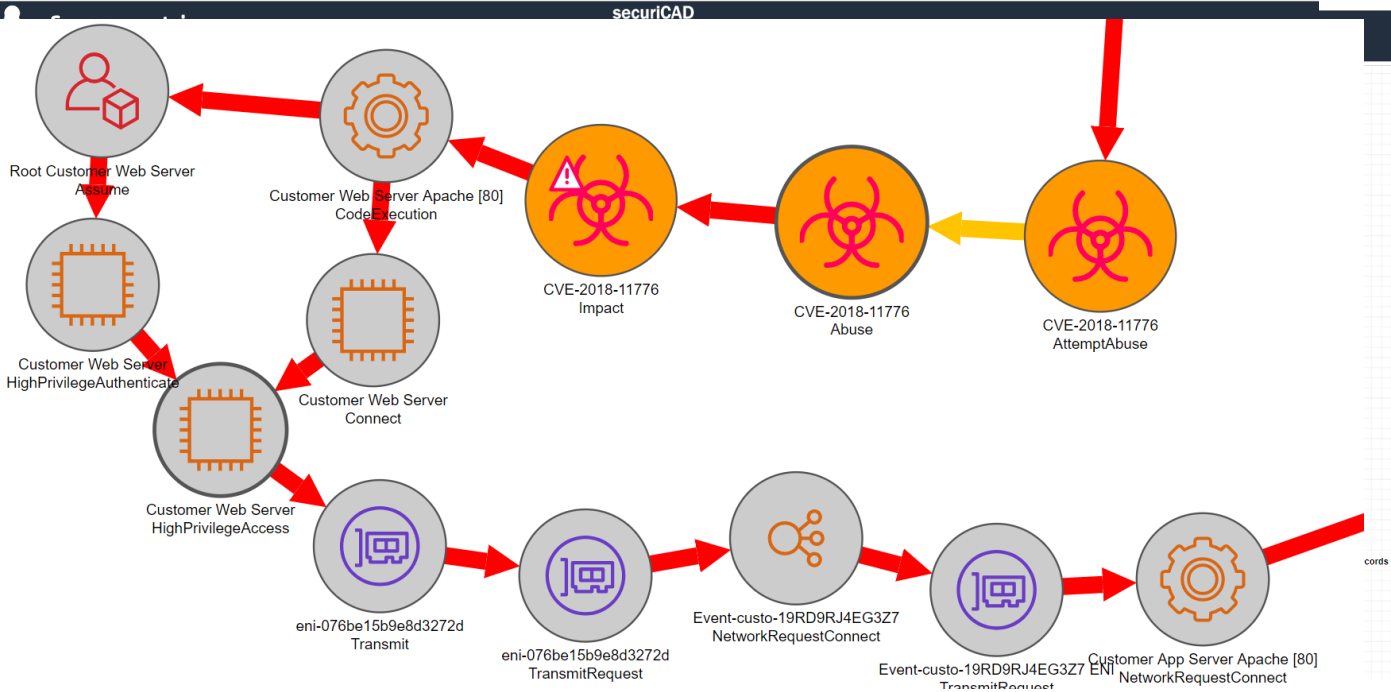


Simulate Attacks



Manage Risk Exposure

3. Exploiting publicly disclosed content





Meta Attack Language (MAL)

Language (framework) for creating threat modeling languages with attack simulations

```
asset ECU extends Machine
  info: "Specifies any ECU/MCU/controller in a vehicle."
  rationale: "Created as new parent class because the existing Machine had many unrelated attacks."
{
  | connect
    info: "Attackers can attempt to connect to the ECU and change the operation mode if they have access to the network, service"
    +> attemptChangeOperationMode
      //firmwareUpdater.connect

  | maliciousFirmwareUpload
    info: "Maliciously upload a forged firmware leads to full access on the ECU and ability to inject messages on the previous"
    -> access,
      _firmwareUploadNetworkAccess

  & uploadFirmware
    info: "Updating the firmware leads to the ability to inject messages not only on the previous running services but also on"
    -> _firmwareUploadNetworkAccess

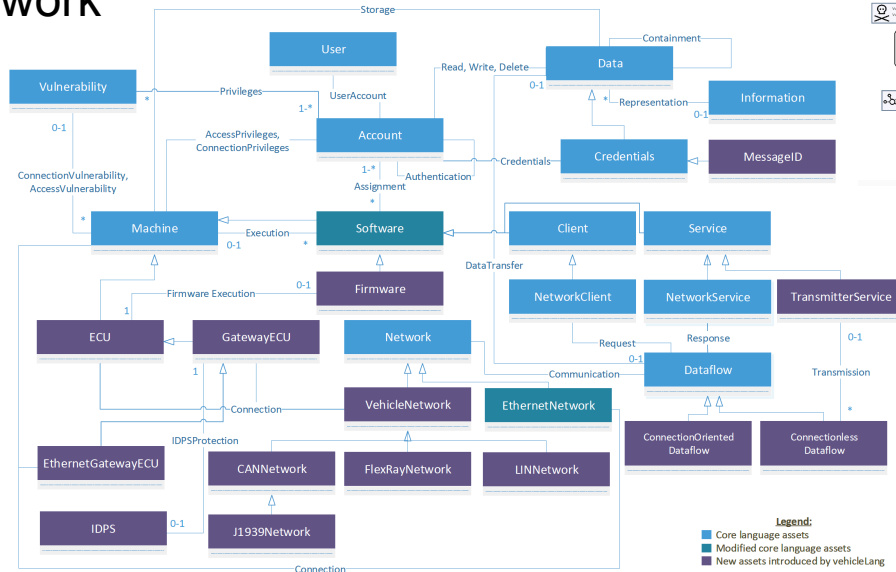
  | _firmwareUploadNetworkAccess
    info: "This a helper attack step because both above attack steps are leading to the same connections."
    -> vehiclenetworks.messageInjection, // NOTE: I still think this is needed here, blame me!
      vehiclenetworks.j1939Attacks,
      vehiclenetworks._networkForwarding // This is left here because it might be needed! Or it might not...
```

Being used in multiple projects e.g. for cloud, power, defense.

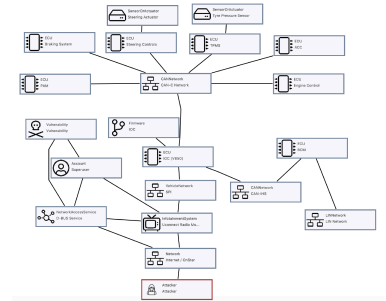


vehicleLang

Based on the MAL framework

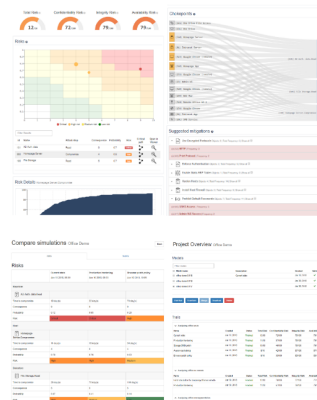
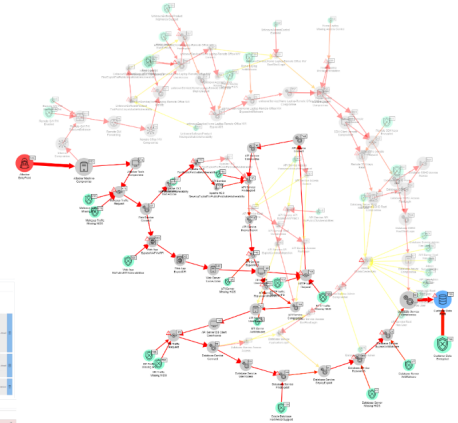


Tested at Scania



Vehicle specific assets (components), attacks, and defenses

Next phase: more development, more validation/testing

[illegible]

Tool chain integration

Like with AWS, find data sources that can feed the vehicle threat model



Also how can the output from vehicleLang/ securiCAD be used in other tools

Vehicle specific security parameters

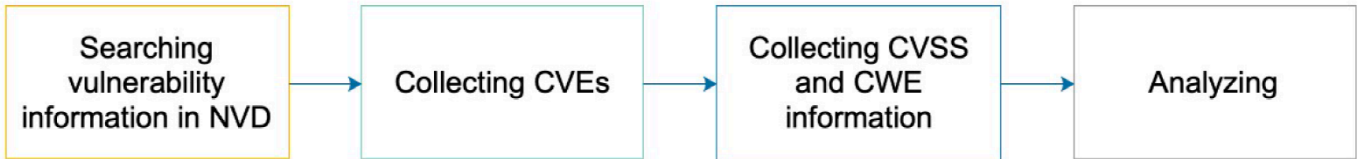
Investigate known attacks and vulnerabilities

Vuln ID	Summary	CVSS Severity
CVE-2018-9322	The Head Unit HU_NBT (aka Infotainment) component on BMW i Series, BMW X Series, BMW 3 Series, BMW 5 Series, and BMW 7 Series vehicles produced in 2012 through 2018 allows local attacks involving the USB or OBD-II interface. An attacker can bypass the code-signing protection mechanism for firmware updates, and consequently obtain a root shell. Published: May 31, 2018; 08:29:00 AM -04:00	V3.0: 7.8 HIGH V2: 7.2 HIGH
CVE-2018-9320	The Head Unit HU_NBT (aka Infotainment) component on BMW i Series, BMW X Series, BMW 3 Series, BMW 5 Series, and BMW 7 Series vehicles produced in 2012 through 2018 allows a local attack when a USB device is plugged in. Published: May 31, 2018; 08:29:00 AM -04:00	V3.0: 7.8 HIGH V2: 7.2 HIGH
CVE-2018-9318	The Telematics Control Unit (aka Telematic Communication Box or TCB), when present on BMW vehicles produced in 2012 through 2018, allows a remote attack via a cellular network. Published: May 31, 2018; 08:29:00 AM -04:00	V3.0: 9.8 CRITICAL V2: 10.0 HIGH
CVE-2018-9314	The Head Unit HU_NBT (aka Infotainment) component on BMW i Series, BMW X Series, BMW 3 Series, BMW 5 Series, and BMW 7 Series vehicles produced in 2012 through 2018 allows an attack by an attacker who has direct physical access. Published: May 31, 2018; 08:29:00 AM -04:00	V3.0: 6.8 MEDIUM V2: 7.2 HIGH
CVE-2018-9313	The Head Unit HU_NBT (aka Infotainment) component on BMW i Series, BMW X Series, BMW 3 Series, BMW 5 Series, and BMW 7 Series vehicles produced in 2012 through 2018 allows a remote attack via Bluetooth when in pairing mode, leading to a Head Unit reboot. Published: May 31, 2018; 08:29:00 AM -04:00	V3.0: 5.3 MEDIUM V2: 5.7 MEDIUM
CVE-2018-9312	The Head Unit HU_NBT (aka Infotainment) component on BMW i Series, BMW X Series, BMW 3 Series, BMW 5 Series, and BMW 7 Series vehicles produced in 2012 through 2018 allows a local attack when a USB device is plugged in. Published: May 31, 2018; 08:29:00 AM -04:00	V3.0: 7.8 HIGH V2: 7.2 HIGH
CVE-2018-9311	The Telematics Control Unit (aka Telematic Communication Box or TCB), when present on BMW vehicles produced in 2012 through 2018, allows a remote attack via a cellular network. Published: May 31, 2018; 08:29:00 AM -04:00	V3.0: 9.8 CRITICAL V2: 10.0 HIGH



Hack stuff

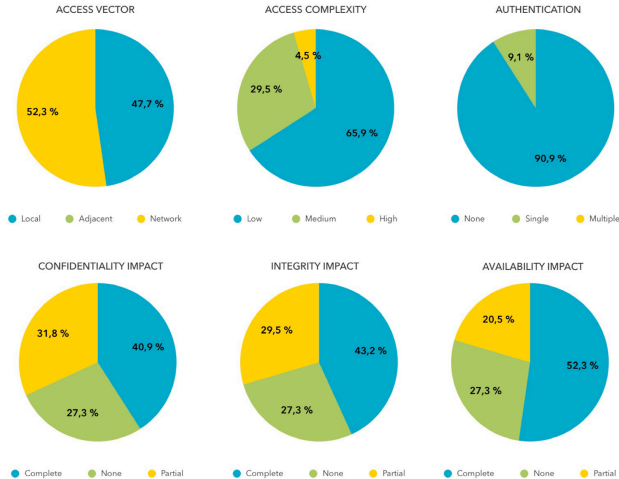
NVD study



- **Part 1: Vehicle-Related Terms**
vehicle, car, automotive.
- **Part 2: Common Vehicle Components and Networks**
adaptive cruise control, adas, airbag, airbiquity, android auto, autoliv, blue-tooth, braking system, carlink, carplay, collision prevention, control unit, cruise, drivesync, engine control, infotainment, keyless entry, lane keep assist, park assist, lidar, controller area network/CAN, local interconnect network/LIN, media oriented systems transport/MOST, flexray, OBD-II, aas-sive anti-theft system/PATS, radio data system, steering control, telematics, tire pressure/TPMS.
- **Part 3: Major OEMs**
volkswagen, bmw, acura, audi, toyota, jeep, kia, mercedes-benz, skoda, re-nault, ford, peugeot, nissan, hyundai, opel, mazda, saab, seat, subaru, dacia, citroën, honda, great wall, cadillac, suzuki, land rover, rolls royce, porsche, jaguar, mitsubishi, chevrolet, mini, lexus, alfa romeo, lancia, snapdragon automobile, alpine, aston martin, bentley, bugatti, buick, changan, chrysler, daimler, dodge, dongfeng, ferrari, fiat, fisker, geely, general motors, infiniti, gmc, lamborghini, maserati, mclaren, tesla, pagani, ssangyong, tata motors.



Some results



CWE ID	Count	Description	Mitigations
CWE-693	7	Protection Mechanism Failure	Use intrusion detection systems; secure communications between ECUs
CWE-119	4	Buffer Errors	Use a language, or a vetted library, or a framework that does not allow this weakness to occur; use static analysis tools
CWE-200	4	Information Leak/Disclosure	Set trust boundaries. Use privacy mechanisms
CWE-310	3	Cryptographic Issues	Use strong cryptography and properly manage the private key
CWE-264	2	Permissions, Privileges, and Access Control	Design secure architecture
CWE-20	2	Input Validation	Use static and dynamic analysis tools to test the software

volkswagen	CVE-2018-1170
BMW	CVE-2018-9322
BMW	CVE-2018-9320
BMW	CVE-2018-9318
BMW	CVE-2018-9314
BMW	CVE-2018-9313
BMW	CVE-2018-9312
BMW	CVE-2018-9311
BMW	CVE-2017-9633
BMW	CVE-2017-9212
Toyota	CVE-2014-7128
Jeep	CVE-2015-5611
Benz/Mercedes	CVE-2018-18071
Benz/Mercedes	CVE-2018-18070
Ford	CVE-2017-9647
Ford	CVE-2017-9633
Nissan	CVE-2017-9647
Nissan	CVE-2017-9633
Hyundai	CVE-2017-6054
Hyundai	CVE-2017-6052
subaru	CVE-2018-18203
Chrysler	CVE-2015-5611
Daimler	CVE-2018-18071
Daimler	CVE-2018-18070
general motors	CVE-2017-9663
general motors	CVE-2017-12697
general motors	CVE-2017-12695
infiniti	CVE-2017-9647
infiniti	CVE-2017-9633
infiniti	CVE-2014-6746
Tesla	CVE-2019-9977
Tesla	CVE-2018-16806
Tesla	CVE-2016-9337
Tesla	CVE-2016-7389
Tesla	CVE-2016-7382
Tesla	CVE-2009-3277

Ethical hacking of vehicle components

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Motor

Uppkoppling för äldre bil öppen för hackning

PUBLICERAD 2019-06-01





Car dongles, car alarms, ...

We have pentested three different car dongles

Vulnerabilities published

Arvid Viderberg, Pontus Johnson, and Robert Lagerström, [CVE-2019-12943](#), Insecure permission, password reset function, in TTLock Open Platform.

Arvid Viderberg, Pontus Johnson, and Robert Lagerström, [CVE-2019-12942](#), Insecure permission, account revocation mechanism, in TTLock Open Platform.

Theodor Olsson, Albin Larsson Forsberg, Pontus Johnson, and Robert Lagerström, [CVE-2019-12821](#), Vulnerability in the app 2.0 of the Shenzhen Jisiwei i3 robot vacuum cleaner, while adding a device to the account using a QR-code.

Theodor Olsson, Albin Larsson Forsberg, Pontus Johnson, and Robert Lagerström, [CVE-2019-12820](#), Vulnerability in the app 2.0 of the Shenzhen Jisiwei i3 robot vacuum cleaner, possible MiTM attack on http.

Ludvig Christensen, Daniel Dannberg, Pontus Johnson, and Robert Lagerström, [CVE-2019-12797](#), Vulnerability in a clone version of an ELM327 OBD2 Bluetooth device, hardcoded PIN leading to arbitrary commands to an OBD-II bus of a vehicle.

We are currently
pentesting a car
alarm

We would like to pentest more/other types of vehicle components



Impact

- MAL and vehicleLang as Open source code on GitHub
- Tool support (securiCAD) for usability, performance, reporting etc
- Publishing discovered vulnerabilities (CVEs, NVD)
- Conferences (national/international, industry/academic)
- News (DagensNyheter, Sveriges Radio, NyTeknik, Computer Sweden)
- Podcasts, videos, popular science books
- Cross projects facilitation (vehicle and other security)



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